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Implementation of the Science Learning Model to Improving Students' Scientific Argumentation Skills: A Review

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Abstract: Argumentation ability is one of the main goals of learning science because students who study science must know scientific explanations about natural phenomena, use them to solve problems and be able to understand other findings they get. This study is a Literature Review article which aims to identify the most effective learning models to improve students' scientific argumentation skills in science learning. A search of the literature study articles obtained twenty-five articles that met the inclusion criteria and were relevant for review. The results of the literature study show that one of the most effective learning models in improving students' scientific argumentation skills in science isArgument Driven Inquiry with approachsocio scientif issues. The highest score range is 80-90 based on the research results contained in the 10 articles that have been analyzed. While the lowest range is in the 40-50 range found in 1 article that has been analyzed.

Keywords: Learning Model; Science Learning; Scientific Argumentation

Introduction

Global challenges in facing the 21st century which are quite diverse require competencies that tend to combine a variety of intra and interpersonal abilities (Graesser et al., 2020). Some of the competencies and skills that are essential for success in the 21st century have been identified by The Partnership for 21st Century Skills (P21) (Muliati, 2021; Lestari et al., 2023). There are six skills known as 6C consisting of critical thinking, compassion, computational logic, creativity, collaboration and communication (Maulidiyah et al., 2022). Education can be used as a support that can help improve the quality of human resources to meet the demands of 21st century competence.

The development of Science and Technology has brought many changes in various fields, one of which is the field of Education. Changes in the learning paradigm are marked by changes in curriculum, media and technology. Learning in the 21st century is the impact of changes in society from time to time, starting from primitive societies to the present that are informative (Rahayu et al., 2022). Teachers are also required to facilitate students in the learning process so that educational goals are achieved and the quality of human resources will increase.

The ability to think argumentatively is one point that is considered important. This ability serves as a bridge or means to support the development of several 21st century competencies, including critical thinking and communication (Nur et al., 2022). Argumentation is the submission of an opinion accompanied by scientific evidence. The argument contains scientific basis as evidence makes the argumentation itself an important in everyday social component communication (Fatmawati et al., 2018). Scientific argumentation provides an alternative to improve students' understanding of concepts and ability's opinion with scientific reason (Zahratul & Suprapto, 2019).

Argumentation plays an important role in the scientific process (Firdaos et al., 2021). The ability to argue is one of the main objectives of learning science because students who study science must know scientific explanantions about natural phenomena, use them to solve problems and be able to understand other findings they get, besides that they must understand the

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character of scientific knowledge that always develops from time to time (Nur et al., 2022).

Several previous studies have found that learning science does not provide opportunities for students to develop argumentation skills. Learning that facilitates students' arguments is only limited to questions and answers, but arguments in the form of claims, rebuttals and reinforcements are still lacking because they rarely conduct class discussions (Firdaos et al., 2021). In other research it was also found that students in the learning process only focused on aspects of knowledge but were less required to apply and reason and use the knowledge they obtained from the learning process (Karlina & Alberida, 2021). In Osborne's report it was also stated that the teacher and the school had not involved an argumentative approach in learning (Dawson & Carson, 2020).

By looking at the facts that occur in the field, an indepth study is needed related to factors that can improve students' scientific argumentation abilities. One of them is the application of an innovative learning model that can help students improve their scientific argumentation skills. The application of various learning models is capable of producing new discoveries, so this article aims to examine various literature related to the implementation of science learning models in improving students' scientific argumentation skills at the high school level.

Method

The research analysis used in this method is descriptive analysis by reviewing the results of the last 5 years' research using national and international accredited Scopus indexed article data sources that have been published. Descriptive analysis is a description process based on the data that has been collected. This literature review relating to models, approaches and strategies for learning science to improve Scientific Argumentation skills. Articles are accessed via the internet on the google scholar search page, Science Direct, and Research gate. The keywords used are science learning models, and scientific argumentation skills.

Result and Discussion

Literature study was conducted on 25 articles published in national and international journals that were relevant to students' scientific argumentation skills. The following presents the results of a review of scientific articles in Table 1.

Table 1. Results of Literature Study of Students' Science Scientific Argumentation Ability

Researchers	Article Title	Achievment of
		Argumentation
		ability
Zahratul & Suprapto,	Application of Buzz Group Type Class Discussion Learning Models to Improve	
2019	Scientific Argumentation Ability of Class X MIA Students on Business and	86.24
	Energy Materials	
Siska et al., 2019	Socio Scientific Issues Strategy to Improve Students' Scientific Argumentation	
	Ability	84.57
	on the Respiratory System Concept in Class XI MIPA SMAN 1 Suranenggala	
Putra et al.,	The Effect of Argument Driven Inquiry on Students' Argumentation Skills in	71 05
2019	Respiratory System Material	/1.23
Songsil, et al., 2019	Developing scientific argumentation strategies using revised argument-driven	66.17
	inquiry (rADI) in science classrooms in Thailand	
Riwayani et al.,	Analysis of students' scientific argumentation abilities in optical material:	47.00
2019	Problem-based learning assisted by edu-media simulation	
Istiana et al., 2019	Argumentation real-world inquiry to improve students' argumentation skill	68.00
Triani et al., 2020	Application of Socio Scientific Issues Based Learning to Improve Scientific	81.67
	Argumentation Ability	
Roja et al., 2020	Argumentation Ability and Mastery of Rotation Dynamics Concepts with	87 15
	Inquiry Learning for STEM Education in Class XI Students of SMAN 2 Malang	62.15
Ping et al., 2020	Explicit teaching of scientific argumentation as an approach in developing	developing 83.60 derstanding
	argumentation skills, science process skills and biology understanding	
Admoko et al., 2021	The implementation of Argument Driven Inquiry (ADI) learning model to	87 50
	improve scientific argumentation skills of high school students	67.50
Nurya et al., 2021	The Effectiveness of the STEM Education-Based Children Learning In Science	
	(CLIS) Learning Model on Students' Scientific Thinking Ability	69.60
Firdaos et al., 2021	Argument Driven Inquiry Learning on Temperature and Heat Materials to	72 92
	Improve Students' Scientific Argumentation Ability	,2.72

Researchers	Article Title	Achievment of Argumentation ability
Aini & Siprapo., 2021	Implementation of Online Performance Assessment to Measure Scientific	83.22
Nisa et al. 2021	Argumentation Ability of Students on Dynamic Fluid Material Application of E-learning Scientific Critical Thinking Model to Train Scientific	aterial entific 81.88 fficacy
1115d Ct al., 2021	Argumentation Skills and Self-Efficacy	
Salsabila Utami et al., 2022	Application of the Argument-Driven Inquiry Learning Model in Stimulating Students' Scientific Argumentation Skills on Acid-Base Material	61.60
Lutfiatul H & Nuha, 2022	The Influence of the Guided Inquiry Model Using a Virtual Laboratory on the Scientific Argumentation Skills of Junior High School Students	76.72
Nur et al., 2022	Analysis of Students' Scientific Argumentation Ability Using Photovoice Media in Light Refraction Material	77.40
Prahestiningtyas & Sulisworo, 2022	Learning Physics Online with the Seesaw Application Based on Scientific Based Learning to Improve Scientific Thinking Ability	78.00
Mutiah & Ulfa, 2022	The Effectiveness of Learning Biology Through the Argument Driven Inquiry Model on Arguing Skills and Student Learning Outcomes	78.12
Wikara et al., 2022	Implementation Of 5E Plus Learning Model On Energy Subject Matter To Improve Students' Argumentation Skills	83.20
Santoso & Jatmiko, 2022	Learning Physics Using the PBL-Online Model to Improve Scientific Arguments for High School Students	85.35
Sandi & Yani, 2023	The Role of Image Animation Media and Active Debate Methods in Improving Arguing Ability	65.00
Putri et al., 2023	Quality of Student Scientific Argumentation Through the Application of Problem-Based Learning With Flipped Classroom Approach	73.40
Hasanah & Ulin Nuha, 2022	The Influence of Problem-Based Learning Model Based on Controversial Issues in Science Learning on Scientific Argumentation Skills of Junior High School Students	79.94

Based on table 1 it can be seen that the highest average value in improving the ability of science scientific argumentation is 87.5. Scientific argumentation ability increases influenced by the Learning Model Argument Driven Inquiry. Scientific argumentation ability can also be seen from the results of the pretest and posttest given. At the pretest, students only had argumentation abilities at levels 1 and 2. Meanwhile, at the posttest, argumentation abilities increased to levels 3 and 4. This was also supported by the results of the analysis of students' oral argumentation skills (Admoko et al., 2021). n addition, it was also found that there was the lowest average score in increasing the ability of scientific argumentation, namely 47.00. This increase is not very significant, but this increase shows that the application of problem-based learning assisted by online simulations is effective for increasing scientific argumentation skills (Riwayani et al., 2019).

Socio scientific issues approach in improving the ability of scientific argumentation was found to have a significant influence. This is because in the learning process students are required to be actively involved and students are given examples of socioscientific issues that occur in everyday life (Siska et al., 2019). besides that the learning process uses a socioscientific issue approach, students are presented with issues from view of scientific knowledge (scientific background). Besides that, students are required to evaluate the social science issues presented (evaluation of information), assess their impacts locally, nationally and globally (Triani et al., 2020). The ability of scientific argumentation can be measured through several indicators includingclaim (claim), data (data), warrant (justification), backing (support), and warrant (disclaimer) (Karlina & Alberida, 2021).



Figure 1. Range Of Average Scientific Argumentation Value in Reviewed Articles

Based on figure 1 can be seen the range of values of increasing scientific arguments based on research that has been done, where the highest value range is 80-90. The value range is obtained based on the research results contained in the 10 articles that have been analyzed.

While the lowest range is in the 40-50 range found in 1 article that has been analyzed

Conclusion

Based on the literature study that has been carried out, it can be obtined that there are various learning models that can be applied in science learning, one of the most effective learning models in improving students' scientific argumentation skills in science isArgument Driven Inquiry with socio scientif issues approach. The highest score range is 80-90. The value range is obtained based on the research results contained in the 10 articles that have been analyzed. While the lowest range is in the 40-50 range found in 1 article that has been analyzed.

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